

UW-E230D-V1.0 Face Panel Motherboard

Technical Specification

Document Revision History

| | Remarks | Date |
|---|---------|---------|
| 1 | Created | 2025-01 |
| | | |

1 Product Overview

UW-M230D-V1.0 is a face panel motherboard developed based on the EEASYTECH SA230D main chip. This motherboard is equipped with built-in 1Gb 16-bit DDR3L, onboard 8GB eMMC or optional 1Gb SPI NAND (default 1Gb SPI NAND), and supports functions such as MIPI/RGB screen display and dual MIPI cameras.

The SA230D is a professional AI SoC with a neural network acceleration engine, designed for applications in video security, residential access control, gate barriers, building intercoms, smart cabinets, and other products. Its integrated neural network processor supports up to 0.5 TOPS of deep neural network computing power. Typical applications include face recognition with liveness detection, gesture detection, and people counting. The SA230D combines Arm Cortex-A7 processor and RISC-V processor, providing rich general-purpose computing capabilities for customized application development. Integrated H.264 video encoding and decoding ensure real-time performance, delivering high-resolution, high-frame-rate, and high-quality images. The integrated high-performance ISP supports 3D noise reduction, ensuring excellent performance in low-light scenarios. It can simultaneously process two digital camera interfaces. The display processing unit supports hardware mouse layer, graphics layer, and video **layer overlay, accelerating GUI and video synthesis.**

Main features:

- Arm Cortex-A7 CPU & RISC-V CPU @1.0GHz, NPU @0.5 TOPS
- Supports MIPI screen display with resolutions up to 1920×1200@60Hz
- Supports RGB screen display with resolutions up to 1920×1080@60Hz
- Dual 1/2MP cameras, integrated high-performance ISP with 3D noise reduction

- Supports 2.4G Wi-Fi/CAT1 4G/Ethernet
- 3 TTL serial ports (1 can be configured as RS485), relay, Wiegand IN/OUT, I2C, fill light, GPIO, and other rich expansion interfaces

2 Specifications

Hardware specifications:

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| CPU | Arm Cortex-A7 CPU/RISC-V CPU |
| NPU | Built-in CNN accelerator NPU,0.5TOPS |
| Memory | Built-in DDR3L 1Gb 16-bit |
| Internal Storage | Optional SPI NAND or EMMC 8GB/16G/32G (default 1Gb SPI NAND) |
| Display Interfaces | MIPI interface, supports max resolution $1920 \times 1200@60\text{Hz}$ RGB interface, supports max resolution $1920 \times 1080@60\text{Hz}$ |
| Network | 100M Ethernet interface |
| | 2.4G USB WIFI module, supports Wi-Fi 802.11b/g/n |
| | Optional CAT1 4G (default: not installed) |
| Real-Time Clock | Built-in RTC battery |
| Interface device | Supports dual MIPI cameras |
| | 1 USB port (USB OTG function) |
| | 3 TTL ports (1 can be configured as RS485), 1 Wiegand IN/OUT flexible configuration, relay, I2C, GPIO, and other rich peripheral, interfaces for connecting locks, card |

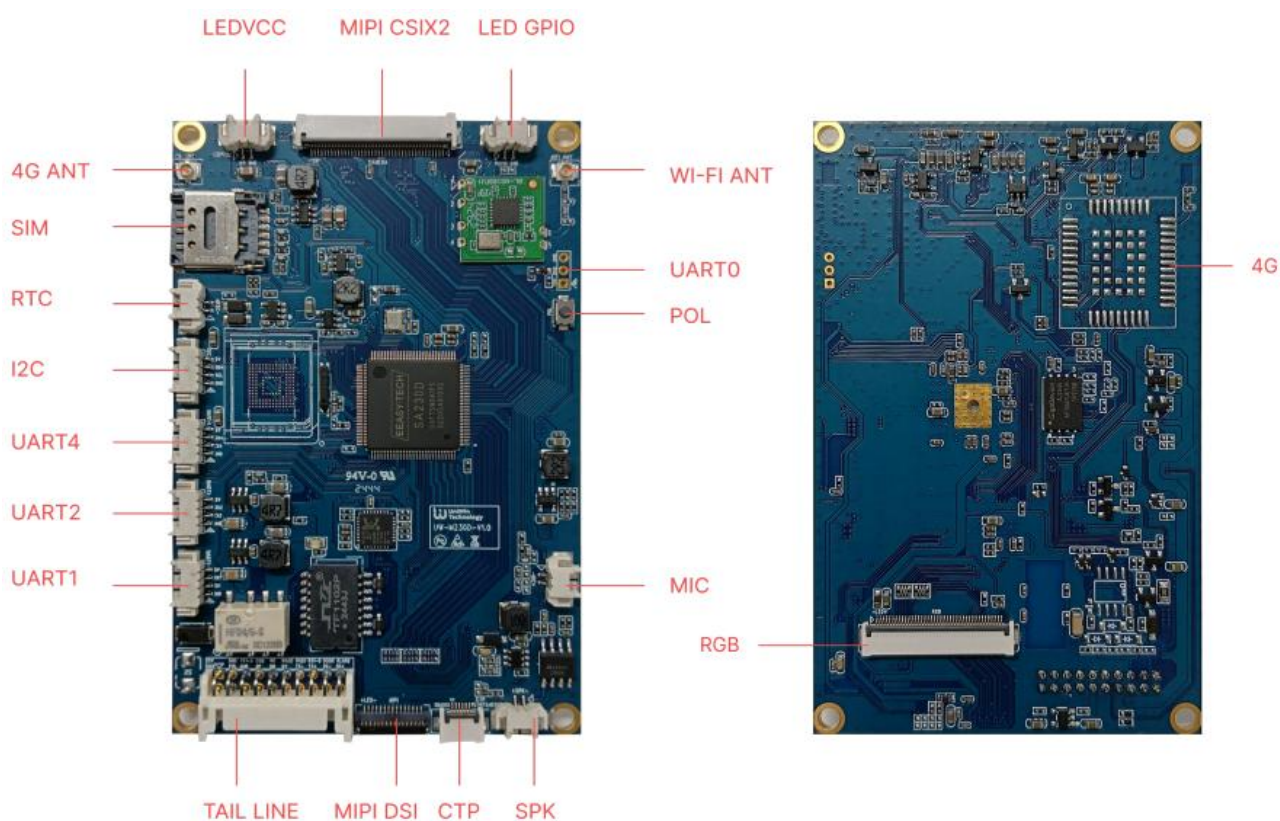
| | |
|-------------|--|
| | readers, scanners, ID modules, etc. |
| | Built-in amplifier, supports 2W 8Ω speaker |
| Audio Input | Supports MIC, 1 microphone interface |
| Touchscreen | Supports capacitive touchscreen |
| Fill Light | Supports white light and infrared fill light |

Software Specifications:

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| OS | Linux system |
| Face Algorithm | <p>Dynamic face detection and tracking based on video stream, 1:N recognition algorithm;</p> <p>Dynamic dual camera anti-counterfeiting, completely solving the deception of photos and videos on various carriers;</p> <p>Supports 1000 face database entries and 10K recognition records;</p> <p>At 1000-face database, 0.01% false acceptance rate, 97% pass rate.</p> |
| Application Software | <p>Supports saving on-site images during face recognition or stranger detection;</p> <p>Management system backend deployed via public cloud;</p> <p>Supports local face registration, database import, network settings, liveness detection switch, and other basic functions.</p> |
| API Interface | <p>Framework provides C/C++ API;</p> <p>Supports online API(HTTPS);</p> |

3 main interfaces

3.1 Interface diagram



3.2 Main Interfaces Introduction

◆ SPK(Triangle marks Pin 1, 2PIN/1.25mm)Speaker Interface



| S/N | Definition | Attribute | Description |
|-----|------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| 1 | OUTN | Output | Audio - signal (connect to speaker -) |
| 2 | OUTP | Output | Audio + signal (connect to speaker +) |

Notes:

1. Connect the speaker before powering on. Do not hot-plug the speaker.
2. Default output power: 8Ω/2W. Ensure the speaker's rated power matches.

◆ MIC(Triangle marks Pin 1, 2PIN/1.25)Microphone Interface

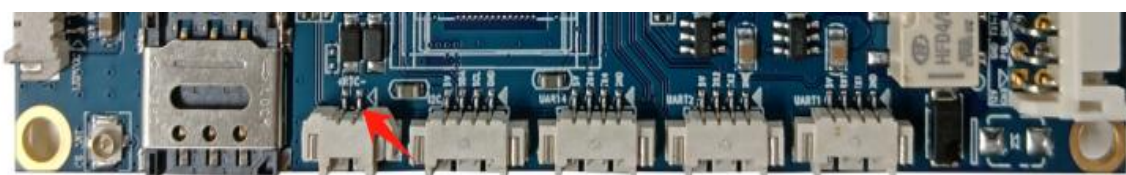


| S/N | Definition | Attribute | Description |
|-----|------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 1 | MIC- | Audio Input | Audio input negative |
| 2 | MIC+ | Audio Input | Audio input positive |

Notes:

1. Ensure the microphone's polarity matches the mainboard's.
2. Recommended MIC sensitivity: -37dB.

◆ RTC BAT(Triangle marks Pin 1, 2PIN/1.25mm) RTC Battery Interface



| S/N | Definition | Attribute | Description |
|-----|--------------|-----------|---------------------|
| 1 | 3V Battery - | Power | 3V battery negative |
| 2 | 3V Battery + | Power | 3V battery positive |

Notes:

1. Ensure correct polarity when connecting the RTC battery. Reverse connection may cause short circuits, posing fire or explosion risks.
2. If RTC time is inaccurate, replace the battery with a 3V CR2032 button cell with leads. Contact FAE for specifications.

◆ WHITE LIGHT IO(Triangle marks Pin 1, 2PIN/1.25mm) White Light Fill Light IO Control



| S/N | Definition | Attribute | Description |
|-----|------------|---------------|---|
| 1 | LED-GPIO | Signal Output | High level turns on white LED (default: unconnected, reserved) |
| 2 | GND | Ground | Ground |

Notes:

1. Ensure the signal and ground connections match the mainboard's pinout.

◆ Fill Light Power (Triangle marks Pin 1, 2PIN/1.25mm)



| S/N | Definition | Attribute | Description |
|-----|------------|-----------|--|
| 1 | 12V | Power | 12V controllable output for white fill light |
| 2 | GND | Ground | GND |

Notes:

1. Ensure the power and ground connections match the mainboard's pinout. Incorrect connections may damage the mainboard or light panel.

◆ UART0(Triangle marks Pin 1, 3PIN/2.0mm) DEBUG Serial Port



| S/N | Definition | Attribute | Description |
|-----|------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | TX0 | Signal Output | DEBUG serial port TX0 |
| 2 | RX0 | Signal Input | DEBUG serial port RX0 |
| 3 | GND | Ground | GND |

Notes:

1. This port is typically used for engineering debugging only.
2. The port uses TTL 3.3V level. Do not connect RS232 or 5V serial debug tools.

◆ UART1(Triangle marks Pin 1, 4PIN/1.25mm) TTL Serial Port, reuse UART 1 with the tail line interface(Configurable as RS485)



| S/N | Definition | Attribute | Description |
|-----|------------|---------------|--|
| 1 | GND | Ground | Ground |
| 2 | TX1 | Signal Output | TTL serial port1 (configurable as 485-A) |
| 3 | RX1 | Signal Input | TTL serial port1 (configurable as 485-B) |
| 4 | 5V | Power | 5V power supply |

◆ UART2(Triangle marks Pin 1, 4PIN/1.25mm) TTL Serial Port



| S/N | Definition | Attribute | Description |
|-----|------------|---------------|-------------------|
| 1 | GND | Ground | Ground |
| 2 | TX2 | Signal Output | TTL serial port 2 |
| 3 | RX2 | Signal Input | TTL serial port 2 |
| 4 | 5V | Power | 5V power supply |

◆ UART4(Triangle marks Pin 1, 4PIN/1.25mm) TTL Serial Port



| S/N | Definition | Attribute | Description |
|-----|------------|---------------|-------------------|
| 1 | GND | Ground | Ground |
| 2 | TX4 | Signal Output | TTL serial port 4 |
| 3 | RX4 | Signal Input | TTL serial port 4 |
| 4 | 5V | Power | 5V power supply |

TTL&RS485 Serial Port Usage Notes:

1. Ensure the serial port level matches (3.3V TTL).
2. When configured as RS485, connect only RS485 devices (not TTL or RS232).
3. Do not reverse TX/RX connections. For RS485, TX corresponds to RS485 A, RX to RS485 B.
4. Serial port access nodes must match (e.g., serial port 1 corresponds to TTYS1).

◆ I2C(Triangle marks Pin 1, 4PIN/1.25mm) I2C Serial Port



| S/N | Definition | Attribute | Description |
|-----|------------|-----------|-----------------|
| 1 | GND | Ground | Ground |
| 2 | SCL | Output | Clock signal |
| 3 | SDA | I/O | I2C data |
| 4 | 5V | Power | 5V power supply |

I2C Interface Usage Notes

1. Ensure voltage levels match (3.3V).
2. Do not reverse SCL/SDA connections. Do not hot-plug.

◆ CTP(Triangle marks Pin 1, 6PIN/0.5mm) CTP Capacitive Touchscreen Interface



| S/N | Definition | Attribute | Description |
|-----|------------|-----------|--------------|
| 1 | SDA | I/O | I2C data |
| 2 | SCK | Output | Clock signal |
| 3 | REST | Output | Reset |
| 4 | INT | Input | Interrupt |
| 5 | GND | Ground | Ground |
| 6 | 3.3V | output | 3.3V output |

Notes:

1. Ensure the touchscreen uses an I2C interface.
2. Interface signals (I2C, RST, INT) are 3.3V. For 1.8V touchscreens, use level conversion.
3. Connect the touchscreen before powering on. Do not hot-plug.

◆ MIPI LCD(Triangle marks Pin 1, 31PIN/0.3mm) MIPI Signal Output



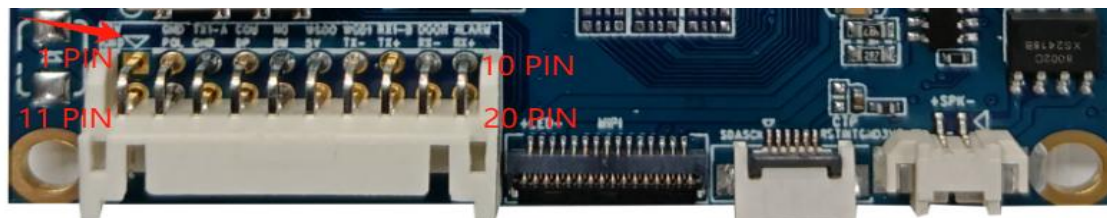
| S/N | Definition | Attribute | Description |
|-----|------------|--------------|-------------------|
| 1-2 | AVCC | Power | 3.3V power supply |
| 3 | DVCC | Power | 1.8V power supply |
| 4 | GND | Ground | Ground |
| 5 | RESET | Signal Input | Reset pin |
| 6 | DVCC | Power | 1.8V power supply |
| 7 | GND | Ground | Ground |
| 8 | DSI-D3N | Output | MIPI DATA |
| 9 | DSI-D3P | Signal Input | MIPI DATA |
| 10 | GND | Ground | Ground |
| 11 | DSI-D0N | Output | MIPI DATA |
| 12 | DSI-D0P | Signal Input | MIPI DATA |
| 13 | GND | Ground | Ground |
| 14 | DSI-CLKN | Output | MIPI CLK |

| | | | |
|-------|----------|--------------|--------------------------|
| 15 | DSI-CLKP | Signal Input | MIPI CLK |
| 16 | GND | Ground | Ground |
| 17 | DSI-D1N | Output | MIPI DATA |
| 18 | DSI-D1P | Signal Input | MIPI DATA |
| 19 | GND | Ground | Ground |
| 20 | DSI-D2N | Output | MIPI DATA |
| 21 | DSI-D2P | Signal Input | MIPI DATA |
| 22-23 | GND | Ground | Ground |
| 24~27 | LED- | Power | Backlight power negative |
| 28 | NC | NC | NC |
| 29~31 | LED+ | Power | Backlight power positive |

Notes:

1. Ensure the screen's voltage/current parameters match the mainboard's (default backlight current: 120mA). If the current parameters of the selected screen do not meet the requirements, you can seek support from our company's FAE.
2. Ensure the screen's pinout matches the mainboard's. Use the correct FPC cable.
3. Interface signals (e.g., RST) are 1.8V. For 3.3V modules, use level conversion.

◆ TAIL LINE Interface (Triangle marks Pin 1, 20PIN/2.0)



| S/N | Definition | Attribute | Description |
|-----|------------|--------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 | 12V | Power | +12Vpower input |
| 2 | NC | Control Line | Relay normally closed |
| 3 | UART1TX | Control Line | TTL TX, configurable as RS485 A |
| 4 | COM | Control Line | Relay common terminal |
| 5 | NO | Control Line | Relay normally open |
| 6 | WGOD0 | Data Line | Wiegand input/output D0 |
| 7 | WGOD1 | Data Line | Wiegand input/output D1 |
| 8 | UART1 RX | Signal Input | TTL RX, configurable as RS485 B |
| 9 | DOOR | Data Line | Input for door sensor |
| 10 | ALARM | Data Line | Input for door opening or alarm |
| 11 | GND | Ground | Ground |

| | | | |
|----|------------|---------------|------------------|
| 12 | ALARM_OUT | Data Line | Alarm output |
| 13 | GND | Ground | Ground |
| 14 | USB_OTG_DP | I/O | D+ signal line |
| 15 | USB_OTG_DM | I/O | D- signal line |
| 16 | USB 5V | Power Output | +5V Power Output |
| 17 | TX- | Ethernet Line | Ethernet TX- |
| 18 | TX+ | Ethernet Line | Ethernet TX+ |
| 19 | RX- | Ethernet Line | Ethernet RX- |
| 20 | RX+ | Ethernet Line | Ethernet RX+ |

Notes:

1. Use a power supply or adapter compliant with 3C standards, with 30%-50% margin (e.g., 2.5A-3A for 1.5A total current).
2. Use twisted pairs for differential signals (e.g., TX-TX+/RX-RX+, USB DM/DP, UART1TX/RX).
3. Ensure the tail cable's pinout matches the mainboard's to avoid malfunctions or damage.
4. USB 5V output max current: 1A.

◆ MIPI CSIX2 (Triangle marks Pin 1, 40PIN/0.5mm) Dual MIPI Camera Interface



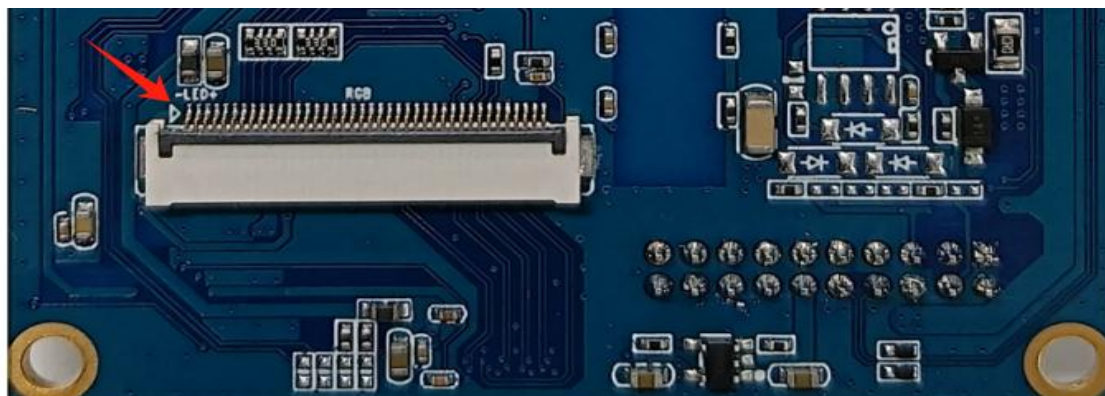
| S/N | Definition | Attribute | Description |
|-----|------------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | VDD2V8 | Power | 2.8V Output |
| 2 | VDD3V3 | Power | 3.3V Output |
| 3 | IR-PWDN | Output | IR_Camera power-down control |
| 4 | IR-RST | Output | IR_Camera reset signal |
| 5 | SCL | Output | SCL signal |
| 6 | SDA | I/O | SDA signal |
| 7 | GND | Ground | Ground |
| 8 | IR-XCLK | Output | IR_Camera master clock |
| 9 | GND | Ground | Ground |
| 10 | IR-MCP | I/O | IR_Camera MIPI clock channel + |
| 11 | IR-MCN | I/O | IR_Camera MIPI clock channel - |
| 12 | GND | Ground | Ground |

| | | | |
|----|-------------|--------|--|
| 13 | IR-D0P | I/O | IR_Camera MIPI data channel 0 + |
| 14 | IR-D0N | I/O | IR_Camera MIPI data channel 0 - |
| 15 | GND | Ground | Ground |
| 16 | IR-D1P | I/O | IR_Camera MIPI data channel 1 + |
| 17 | IR-D1N | I/O | IR_Camera MIPI data channel 1 - |
| 18 | GND | Ground | Ground |
| 19 | DOVDD1V8 | Power | 1.8V output |
| 20 | FSYC-IN | / | NC |
| 21 | LED-GPIO | / | NC |
| 22 | IR-DVDD1V2 | Power | 1.2V output |
| 23 | RGB-DVDD1V2 | Power | 1.2V output |
| 24 | RGB-PWDN | Output | RGB_Camera power-down control |
| 25 | RGB-RST | Output | RGB_Camera reset signal |
| 26 | GND | Ground | Ground |
| 27 | RGB-XCLK | Output | RGB_Camera master clock |
| 28 | GND | Ground | Ground |
| 29 | RGB-MCP | I/O | RGB_Camera MIPI clock channel + |
| 30 | RGB-MCN | I/O | RGB_Camera MIPI clock channel - |
| 31 | GND | Ground | Ground |
| 32 | RGB-D0P | I/O | RGB_Camera MIPI data channel 0 + |
| 33 | RGB-D0N | I/O | RGB_Camera MIPI data channel 0 - |
| 34 | GND | Ground | Ground |
| 35 | RGB-D1P | I/O | RGB_Camera MIPI data channel 1 + |
| 36 | RGB-D1N | I/O | RGB_Camera MIPI data channel 1 - |
| 37 | GND | Ground | Ground |
| 38 | 5V | Power | Infrared fill light controllable power |
| 39 | 5V | Power | Infrared fill light controllable power |
| 40 | 5V | Power | Infrared fill light controllable power |

Notes:

1. Ensure the mainboard's pinout matches the camera's. Confirm the cable is same-side or cross-side.
2. Do not hot-plug the camera interface.

◆ **Reserved RGB Interface and MiPI screen signal multiplexing, choose one or the other (Triangle marks Pin 1, 40PIN/0.5)**



| S/N | Definition | Attribute | Description |
|---------------------------------|------------|-----------|---|
| 1 | LED- | Power | Backlight negative input(constant current) |
| 2 | LED+ | Power | Backlight positive input (constant current) |
| 3、5、6、13、 14、21、22、29、 36 | GND | Ground | Ground |
| 4 | VDD | Power | 3.3V power supply |
| 7-12 | Red Data | Output | RGB Red Data |
| 15-20 | Green Data | Output | RGB Green Data |
| 23-28 | Blue Data | Output | RGB Blue Data |
| 30 | LCD-CLK | Output | RGB LCD-CLK |
| 31 | STBY# | Output | LCD STBY# |
| 32 | LCD-HSYNC | Output | LCD HSYNC |
| 33 | LCD-VSYNC | Output | LCD VSYNC |
| 34 | LCD-DE | Output | RGB LCD-DE |
| 35、37、38、39、 40 | NC | NC | NC |

Notes:

1. This RGB interface shares signals with MIPI; only one can be used. Default: MIPI. For RGB, hardware/software changes are required.
2. Ensure the screen's voltage/current parameters match the mainboard's (default backlight current: 120mA). If the current parameters of the selected screen do not meet the requirements, you can seek support from our company's FAE.

4 Electrical Performance

| Item | | Min | Typical | Max |
|--------------------------------|----------------|-------|---------|--------|
| Power Parameters | Voltage | --- | 12V | --- |
| | Ripple | --- | --- | 50mV |
| | Current | 1.5A | | |
| Power Current (No Peripherals) | Operating | | 90mA | 300mA |
| | Standby | | 10mA | 30mA |
| Power Current (with MIPI) | Operating | | 300mA | 1000mA |
| Total Output | Current | --- | --- | 1.5A |
| Environment | Humidity | --- | --- | 80% |
| | Operating Temp | 0°C | --- | 60°C |
| | Storage Temp | -20°C | --- | 70°C |

Note: Current consumption for RGB/MIPI screens depends on the screen model and is not listed above.

5 Minimum Test Items

Description:

| Minimum Stability and Reliability Tests | | |
|---|--------------------------------|--|
| No. | Test Item | Test Details |
| 1 | Basic Function Test | Test main functions: screen, Wi-Fi, Ethernet, USB, serial ports, speaker, microphone, etc. |
| 2 | Software Upgrade Test | Verify upgrade functionality (e.g., line flashing, USB drive upgrade). |
| 3 | High-Temperature Aging Test | high-temperature resistance: Operate at 60°C for 3 days without crashes, display issues, or black screens. |
| 4 | Low-Temperature Power-Off Test | low-temperature resistance: Operate at 0°C for 3 days without crashes, display issues, or black screens. |
| 5 | ESD Test | Simulate electrostatic discharge resistance per IEC 61000-4-2: ±4KV contact, ±8KV air. Must meet Class A/B. |
| 6 | Sweep Vibration Test | Test the product's vibration resistance involves simulating transportation conditions and assessing the solder joints and component durability to prevent potential issues. Using a vibration tester, the product is tested, and if the structure shows no loosening or detachment after testing, operates normally without malfunctions, screen abnormalities, black screens, or other electrical or structural defects, it is deemed OK. |
| 7 | Free-Fall Test | Simulate the transportation and handling of the product to assess its drop resistance, determining the structural durability of the device to prevent potential issues. This serves as a reference for design and process improvements. After testing, if the sample functions normally without electrical failures (such as freezing, screen abnormalities, black screens) or structural/external damage, it is deemed OK. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 8 | Short-duration power loss test (room temperature) | This test verifies the product's capability to endure repeated power on/off cycles. |
|---|---|---|

6 Configurable Parameters (Variants)

| Type | Standard | | Mid-Range | | High-End | |
|----------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| SPI_NAND | 512MB | <input type="checkbox"/> | 1G | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 2G | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| EMMC | 8 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 16 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 16 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | 32 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 32 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 32 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | 64 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 64 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 64 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| WIFI+BT | 2. 4G | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 2. 4G+BT | <input type="checkbox"/> | 2. 4G+BT | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| | 5G+BT | <input type="checkbox"/> | 5G+BT | <input type="checkbox"/> | 5G+BT | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4G | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| SIM 卡 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| ETH/RJ45 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| MIPI | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| RGB | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| USB*OTG | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| TTL*3 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| RS485*1 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | |

7

Usage Notes

During assembly and usage, please pay attention to the following (but not limited to) potential issues.

- Do not install or connect peripherals while the board is powered. Use anti-static tools (e.g., wrist straps).
- When connecting peripherals via cables, ensure pin definitions match the motherboard sockets to prevent short circuits due to incorrect wiring.
- When fixing the board with screws, distribute force evenly to avoid PCB deformation and potential open circuits.
- For interfaces with selectable voltages (e.g., LVDS, eDP), ensure the voltage matches the screen's specifications.
- For peripherals (USB, UART, IO, etc.), ensure level and current output compatibility.
- For serial ports, ensure level matching and correct TX/RX/485-A/485-B connections.
- Select a power supply that meets the total peripheral power requirements (voltage, current).
- Consider board height limits and heat dissipation in the overall product design.

8 Dimensions

8.1 Board Dimensions

PCB length 95.4mm, width: 60.9mm, hole diameter:3.5mm, overall board height is approximately 10mm.
For detailed drawings, contact sales for DXF files.

